| Course<br>Type | Course<br>Code | Name of Course               |   | Т | P | Credit |
|----------------|----------------|------------------------------|---|---|---|--------|
| DC             | NHSC510        | Social Theory in Digital Era | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4      |

## **Course Objective**

The course focuses on major theoretical understanding to analyse media, culture, and society from asocial perspective. The intention is to clarify and critically discuss how these levels of analysis canelucidatetheemergingdigitalworldandsocialmedia, along with the changing individual relationship, Interaction and identity.

## **Learning Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Familiarize themselves with select major social and digital perspectives;
- Identify the factors of social phenomena and comprehend them with reference to the modern digital world
- Use social theories and digital media for research and practice.

| Unit<br>No. | Topics to be Covered   | Lecture<br>Hours | Learning Outcome   |
|-------------|--|------------------|--|
| 1           | • Introduction Introducing social theory: Theorizing digital society   | 4L+1T            | To introduce the social theory and digital society.  |
| 2           | • Functionalist Perspectives B. Malinowski and A.R. Radcliffe- Brown: Social structure, Culture and Function T. Parsons: Voluntaristic Action Theory, Pattern variables Media culture, Society, and social transformation            | 8L+3T            | To introduce the functionalist approach of social theory and enable students to understand how media contribute to the functioning of society.   |
| 3           | • Conflict Perspectives K. Marx: Inequality and conflict L. Althusser: Ideological state apparatus L. Coser: Conflict Functionalism Digital Power, inequality, and exploitation Information capital and market action                | 8L+3T            | To introduce the conflict perspective with reference to the changing notion of inequality and exploitation created by the digital world. It also deals with the notion of power in understanding who controls the media and differential access to media and technology. |
| 4           | • Interactionist Perspectives G. H. Mead and C. H. Cooley: Mind,Self,SocietyandLooking- glassself E. Goffman: Dramaturgy,Presentationofselfinev erydaylifeInterpersonalcommunica tion, Intimacy and the 'Self' in a Mediated society | 9L+4T            | To introduce the Interactionist views and explain the digital communication and changing relationships in the digital world.   |

| 5 | Rethinking Social Theories in Digital World Globalization and digital governance, user ethics, Information age and digital machine formation. | 7L+2T     | To rethink social theory in the context of digitalization and globalization |
|---|---|-----------|---|
| 6 | Class/Group     Discussion, Assignment and     Presentation   | 6L+1T     | To facilitate classroom interaction and brainstorming                       |
|   | TOTAL LECTURE HOURS   | 42L + 14T |   |

## **Textbooks:**

- 1. Casttells, Manual. 2007. An Introduction to the Information Age. *City: Analysis of UrbanChange, Theory, Action*, 2(7): 6-16.
- 2. Couldry, Nick. 2012: Media, Society, World: Social Theory and Digital Media Practice. Polity Press.
- 3. G.McAnany, Emile. 2002. Globalization and the Media: The Debate Continues.

  \*Communication Research Trends\*, 21 (4): 1-41. Lindgren, Simon. Digital Media and Society. Sage.

## Reference books:

- 1. McLuhan, Marshall. 1992. *The Global Village. Transformation in World Life and Media in the 21s*\*\*Century. Oxford University Press.
- 2. Orton Johnson, Kate and Prior, Nick. 2013. *Digital Sociology: Critical Perspective*. PalgraveMacmillan.
  - o Furtherreading willbe announced intheclassroom